

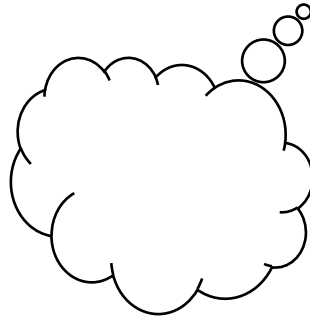


HANDOUT

NAME:		
LEVEL:		DATE:
SCHOOL:	COLEGIO NIRVANA	

COMPARATIVES AND SUPERLATIVES

When we want to **compare** two or more things, we can change the form of adjectives by adding **-er** or **-est**. We can also use extra words like **more** or **most** and expression like **not as ... as**.



I think he is taller **than** me.



I think he is shorter **than** me.



WHAT'S THE RULE?

With most one-syllable adjectives, we add **-er** or **est**, and with most adjectives with two syllables or more, we add **more** or (the) **most**. In comparatives, we also use **than** before the second thing which is

compared if it is mentioned.

With one-syllable adjectives ending in vowel + consonant, remember to **double** the final consonant before **-er / -est**.

BIG	BIGGER	THE BIGGEST
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WHAT ARE THE EXCEPTIONS?!

Other exceptions are:

BAD	WORSE	THE WORST
GOOD	BETTER	THE BEST

Ex.: She **is the best** in Math





What about the adjectives ending in **-y** like **crazy**?



With adjectives ending in **y**, you change the **y** to **i** and add **er /est**.

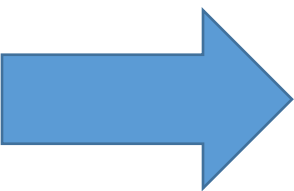
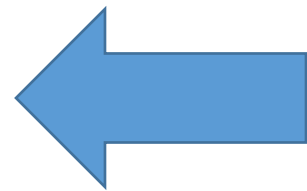
LUCKY	LUCKIER	LUCKIEST
HAPPY	HAPPIER	HAPPIEST
FRIENDLY	FRIENDLIER	FRIENDLIEST

WHAT OTHER WAYS OF COMPARING THINGS ARE THERE?

WE OFTEN USE:

Not as As

Ex.: I am **not as tall as** you.



WHAT ABOUT LESS AND LEAST?

Yes!, less and least are also ways of comparing things. They are used more in writing

Ex.:

It is less cold in the North of the country than in the South (the North is warmer, but both North and South are cold)